Rapid Rhino has a unique design that will control epistaxis the first time and is more comfortable for patients upon insertion and removal than other packing options. Now Rapid Rhino can control posterior epistaxis with RR 900.

Unilateral Models



Rapid Rhino 450

4.5 cm inflatable epistaxis device



Rapid Rhino 550

5.5 cm inflatable epistaxis device



Rapid Rhino 750

7.5 cm inflatable epistaxis device



Rapid Rhino 530

- Rapid-Pac™ is 5.5 cm
- Offers a non-inflatable option for epistaxis



Rapid Rhino 551

 5.5 cm inflatable epistaxis device that contains an airway



Rapid Rhino 751

 7.5 cm inflatable epistaxis device that contains an airway



Rapid Rhino 900 NEW!

- 9 cm tamponade device for posterior epistaxis
- Contains 2 balloons to control intranasal hemorrhage originating from the sphenopalatine artery



Bilateral Models

Rapid Rhino 552

• 5.5 cm bilateral epistaxis



 5.5 cm bilateral epistaxis device that contains an airway



Rapid Rhino 752

7.5 cm bilateral epistaxis device

Rapid Rhino 755

 7.5 cm bilateral epistaxis device that contains an airway





Introducing Rapid Rhino® 900 for posterior epistaxis





ArthroCare ENT

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ArthroCare Europe AB

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CAUTION: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

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Rapid Rhino is the epistaxis solution

Rapid Rhino is a nasal tamponade device that is specifically designed to address the major challenges in the management of epistaxis. Now introducing Rapid Rhino 900. This 9 cm pack is the first Rapid Rhino device with 2 balloons designed to control posterior bleeds originating from the Sphenopalatine artery. Finally there is a device that controls posterior epistaxis on the spot, while still maintaining the level of patient comfort Rapid Rhino is known for.

P/N 28709 Rev A

Rapid Rhino 900 product usage directions

Soak for minimum 30 seconds



Material handling

Placement technique

of the nostril.

- To use Rapid Rhino 900, remove the device from the envelope package.
- Remove blue plastic tube encasing.
- Thoroughly saturate the product in *sterile water* by submerging the product for at least a full 30 seconds.

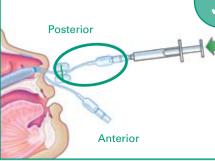
• Insert the Rapid Rhino 900 into the patient's

nostril parallel to the septal floor, or following

until the blue indicator ring is inside the opening

along the superior aspect of the hard palate,

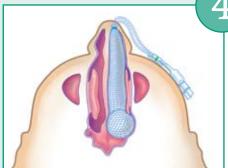
Cuff inflation



Technique Pearl

When there is sufficient pressure in the posterior chamber, remove the syringe from the inflation valve and gently pull the device anteriorly, as necessary, to ensure there is sufficient pressure on the posterior bleed site.

Gentle and even pressure to the site of the bleed.

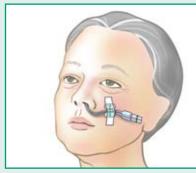


to the site

Posterior cuff inflation

- Locate the inflation line with the *green striped* swallow guard butterfly. This indicates the posterior cuff which should be inflated first.
- Using a 20 cc syringe, slowly inflate the posterior balloon with *air only* inside the patient's nose. The balloon will conform to the anatomy of the posterior nasal cavity.
- Use the pilot cuff as you would on an endotracheal tube to monitor intranasal pressure as you inflate.
- Stop inflation when pilot cuff is rounded and firm.

Patient discharge



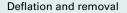
Patient discharge

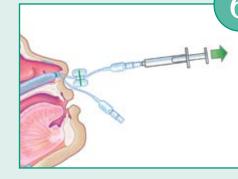
- When there is sufficient pressure in both balloons allow the patient to sit for 15-20 minutes prior to discharge. Swelling in the nasal anatomy will reduce and the balloons may need to be inflated more to avoid movement of the device.
- After this second assessment of the pilot cuff tape both inflation catheters to the patient's cheek for discharge.

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Anterior cuff inflation

• Next, locate the second inflation line, without a swallow guard butterfly. This is to inflate the anterior balloon. Again, use the pilot cuff to maintain constant tactile feedback of intranasal pressure taking care not to overinflate.





Removal

• The patient may come back 24-72 hours later to remove the device or they may see an ENT specialist for follow-up.

